Automated Theorem Proving

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Exercises 12: Superposition

Exercise 12.1: Refute the following set of equational clauses by superposition:

$x\approx b\veex\approx c\veex\approx d$	(1)
$e \not\approx b$	(2)
$e \not\approx c$	(3)
$e \not\approx d$	(4)

Choose an appropriate ordering and perform only inferences that satisfy the ordering restrictions.

Exercise 12.2: Refute the following set of equational clauses by superposition:

$$f(x) \not\approx c \lor f(x) \approx b \quad (1)$$
$$f(f(x)) \approx x \quad (2)$$
$$b \not\approx c \quad (3)$$

Choose an appropriate ordering and perform only inferences that satisfy the ordering restrictions.

Exercise 12.3: Consider the following set of equational clauses:

$$f(b) \approx true$$
 (1)
 $f(x) \not\approx true \lor f(g(x)) \approx true$ (2)

(a) Saturate this set by computing superposition inferences ignoring ordering restrictions.

(b) Choose an appropriate ordering and perform only inferences that satisfy the ordering restrictions.

Exercise 12.4: Prove that the ground "Equality Resolution" inference rule is sound:

Equality Resolution: $\frac{C' \lor s \not\approx s}{C'}$

Exercise 12.5: Prove that the ground "Equality Factoring" inference rule is sound:

Equality Factoring:
$$\frac{C' \lor s \approx t' \lor s \approx t}{C' \lor t \not\approx t' \lor s \approx t'}$$

Exercise 12.6: Prove that the ground "Negative Superposition" inference rule is sound:

Neg. Superposition:
$$\frac{D' \lor t \approx t' \quad C' \lor s[t] \not\approx s'}{D' \lor C' \lor s[t'] \not\approx s'}$$

Exercise 12.7: In the lecture notes, it is stated that the ordering restrictions of the inference rules of the superposition calculus must be satisfied *after applying the mgu* to the premises. Give a simple example that shows that a literal may be maximal in a clause but that the maximality requirement may be violated after applying the mgu.

Exercise 12.8 (*): Find a small unsatisfiable set N of equational clauses and a term ordering \succ such that N is saturated w.r.t. the superposition calculus excluding the "Equality Factoring" rule and N does not contain \perp . The existence of such a set implies that the superposition calculus is incomplete without "Equality Factoring."

Hint: Recall the informal motivation for adding "Equality Factoring" to the calculus.